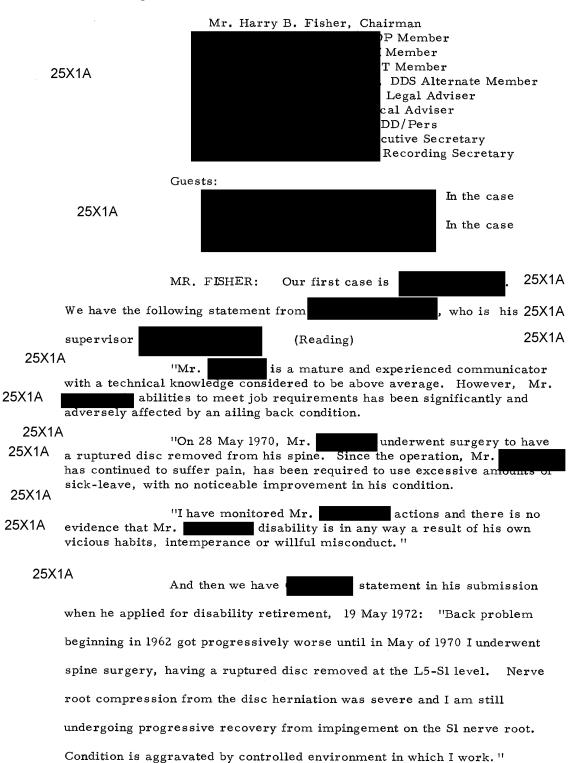
BOARD convened at 2:00 p.m. on Thursday, 28 September 1972, with the following present:



OMS. The Report of the Board of Medical Examiners to the Director of Personnel, dated 20 September 1972, states as follows: "The Board of Medical Examiners considered the total information, including the statement from the consulting physician, his supervisor's statement, the medical history and medical record, and the reports of recent examinations. The Board did not find the Subject sufficiently impaired to warrant medical disability retirement, and it is recommended that the application be disapproved. The application could be reconsidered in the event that new or additional evidence is submitted."

All right, Charlie, do you want to take it from there?

I might say, to begin with, that he has

25X1A

We have a summary, if you would

like that read. However you want to proceed.

says is the cause of his disability at this point.

25X1A

MR. FISHER: Yes, please.

two separate back problems as far as we're concerned. One is what residuals exist secondary to the low back surgery, which are minimal at this time. And a different back problem, which is in his upper back and neck, which is the source of his pain difficulty now, and this problem with his upper back we feel, and all the physicians who have seen him feel is a treatable and correctible condition -- and this is the principal one that he

MR. FISHER: Now, just so that I understand that, where is the Sl nerve root.

25X1A

: That is in the low back. His symptoms when we examined him were all in this area - the shoulders, the upper back, and the neck.

MR. FISHER: In his mind does he think that it's all related to that?

25X1A

25X1A

Yes, I think he probably does.

He is a 39 year old Communications Technician assigned to with 17 years Federal service, 13 years with the Agency, 8-plus years overseas. And some of this is repetition of what you just said, Harry, so I'll skip that part of it.

A review of his record reveals that he was first seen in the OMS dispensary in September 1962 because of a low back pain. On 28 May 1970 he had surgery for a ruptured disc in the low back. It was noted that nerve root compression from the disc herniation was severe and recovery was still taking place 10 months later.

During a physical examination on 1 February 1972
examiner noted that he had used about 1,000 hours of sick leave in the past
two years because of a back problem. Mr. stated that his 25X1A
symptoms had continued since surgery, and there was also a history of pain
in the neck, shoulders, and chest brought on by exposure to air conditioning.
The physical examination at that time revealed some over weight, some
minimal neurological findings, and an elevated blood cholesterol. The
examining physician recommended x-ray studies, orthopedic consultation,
and consideration of psychiatric evaluation. The x-ray studies at that time
of the cervical spine and lumbar spine showed some narrowing of the
intervertebral disc space at the L5 - S1 level -- and that is down in the low
back. There was noted to be straightening of the normal lumbar lordosis,
suggestive of muscle spasm.

The orthopedic consultation, which was primarily concerned with the symptoms in the upper back, revealed an impression of recurring muscle irritation, which should respond to the application of heat and an analgesic - specifically probably Aspirin.

In February 1972 a consultant in rheumatology found the same diagnosis in regard to the upper back and recommended Valium followed by injections of xylocaine and steroids and, if these measures were not effective, then a program of physical therapy.

25X1A

Mr. was interviewed in late July to update the previous findings of February 1972. He had some residuals from the surgery of 1970 but these were minimal. He complained of discomfort in the upper back dating to 1962 and 1969, manifested by aching of the neck, the shoulders, and then radiation into the arms. This syndrome is triggered by circulating cool air and is relieved when he goes home, where he uses no air conditioning, and with bed rest.

As a part of his evaluation recently in terms of retirement application he was referred to a consultant in Neurological Surgery, whose opinion was: "The neurological examination is normal except for the residuals of a ruptured lumbar disc for which he was operated on in 1970. There are no physical findings in the region of the neck, shoulder girdle, or back, where he has pain. As detailed in the history, his pain appears to be directly related to exposure to air conditioning. This is not uncommon; the unusual thing is the severity of his pain and the degree of disability caused by the pain. Recommendation: I would recommend that the next time he develops pain sufficient to cause him to stay off from work he be examined by a physician in the Medical Department and it would be also helpful if he could be examined by me during the same period to get an additional independent evaluation. I would classify the condition as myofibrositis precipitated by body chilling."

The recommendations by this physician and consultant

25X1A in rheumatology were discussed with Mr. about the possibility
of injections and physical therapy. He stated he did not feel like driving the

70 miles to have treatment when he had symptoms. I gather he lives down

4

also seemed somewhat undecided25x1A

to what he will do and how he will live following retirement. However, he indicated he really did wish to continue in Agency employment.

25X1A

Mr. was seen by the psychiatric staff, as a part of the retirement evaluation, September 5, 1972. The interview was summarized as "no disease found." The Board of Medical Examiners convened on 20 September 1972 to consider the total information -- and you (indicating Mr. Fisher) have read our findings -- we sent a memorandum to your office.

So again in summary I think the man has two separate problems, one of which is the minimal residual from his surgery, and the second is this muscular problem in his upper back which is treatable, for which he could be relieved, and which I think, under that basis - and the Board certainly felt strongly - he was not a candidate for a permanent disability at this time.

MR. FISHER: Again just to be sure I understand. He really applied for one problem, but even when he came to you his complaints were about an upper back problem, which is treatable?

25X1A

Yes.

MR. FISHER: Do you feel that this business of working in an air conditioned environment is something that will continue to give him trouble? or something that he should try to stay away from?

25X1A

25X1A

I think this is the trigger mechanism that sets this acute pain off, and when he is out of an air conditioned area he has no pain.

What would happen in the winter when he's outside? would that cold trigger it too?

25X1A

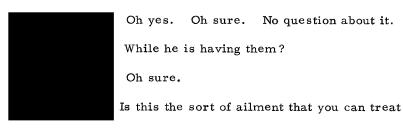
Apparently it has not. He claims it's only inside where there's air conditioning where there's this constant circulation. But the unusual aspect, as one of the consultants noted, is the severity of the pain he feels.

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25X1A

It is conceivable that the severity is sufficiently strong in either one or both of these instances to prevent him from working when he has these attacks?

25X1A



to the point that you can entirely cure a patient?

25X1A

It's possible in a high percentage of cases,

yes.

MR. FISHER: I'm not sure where we stand on insisting that somebody take treatments --

25X1A



We struggled with this during the Board

meeting, too.

MR. FISHER: But without the treatment is he temporarily disabled, given the circumstances under which he must work?

25X1A



don't think so. I don't think so.

I think that's the point. Because if

a man has a condition that could be corrected with surgery but without surgery he is disabled, you can't force him to get that condition corrected. And we did have such a case - the man is disabled and draws benefits. So if this man's condition could be relieved with treatment, that's one thing, but if he is not getting that treatment and is now temporarily disabled he is a candidate for retirement. The big question, then, is: is he now temporarily disabled?

25X1A

At the tim

At the times he has been examined by

both consultants and in our office he was free of symptoms.

25X1A

But why would he come in when he's free of

symptoms?

MR. FISHER: It was at the Board's request he was brought in.

25X1A But when he has symptoms we would like to see him - both our office and one of the consultants, and try some of these treatments on him. But his response was he couldn't drive the 70 25X1A Well, there are cleared people in miles. that we could refer 25X1A him to, that service so that he doesn't have to come all the way to But on the one hand he says he doesn't want to retire, and Washington. on the other hand he says he doesn't want to do anything about his back. We feel it's a treatable condition. And we had the same problem, Ben, that you

as to how they felt about it from the medical standpoint.

raised.

MR. FISHER: I know I seem to be pushing the same point, but I guess you have answered that he is not taking treatment and yet when you saw him he was symptom free -- so that we can't even say that without treatment, working in this controlled environment he is partially disabled.

25X1A

I can't answer it myself. I can only give you the Board's view

I'm not following your line of thinking here.

MR. FISHER: Assuming that he doesn't want to take treatments, if he must continue to work in an air conditioned environment you still have no reason to believe that continuing to work in that environment, and without treatment, that he would suffer a type of disability? would that disable him from doing his job?

25X1A It obviously has, if he has taken 1,000 hours' sick leave.

But also during that time he has not received any of the kind of treatment that might stop on a permanent basis the symptoms in his upper back and neck. If he goes back into the environment that is controlled - the air conditioning - I'm sure he's going to have a return of symptoms. There is no question when that happens, at that

point in time he has pain and it hurts -- there is no issue about that at all.

But whether that makes him permanently disabled, when we feel that it's a treatable condition, is kind of out of our bailiwick.

25X1A

Does it tend to be a seasonal thing, then, that occurs only during the summer months? Does he work all right for say nine months, or six months, symptom free?

25X1A

: There's only an association with work.

At home he has no air conditioning, according to his statement. 25X1A

But I don't see how you can qualify a man for disability if for six months of the year he is perfectly able to perform his duties.

MR. FISHER: I'm not sure that the time of year is very significant. They try to keep that area in which he works at the same temperature all of the time.

25X1A

Is there something about air conditioning --

: It's the circulation of cold air that touches

off these trigger areas in the muscle that cause muscle spasm.

25X1A

and, obviously, we can take this up after you leave, or on another day -but it seems to me we have to decide in further discussions with the Office
of Communications whether they could provide him an area to work in where
he wouldn't be in air conditioning -- which may require a change in his
assignment. And secondly, to somehow reconcile this expressed desire
to continue working but reluctance to take the treatment which is available
down there. I find this rather difficult. I'm not sure that we might
not establish a new precedent by bringing him in and talking to him and
as laymen trying to understand his problem.

25X1A

Yes, why doesn't he want to undertake

treatment.

Well, apparently the operation on the lower

vertebra was successful, so that shouldn't mitigate agains t or make him reluctant to take further treatment.

25X1A

Is there anything seasonal about his use of sick leave? did you notice any pattern there?

25X1A

I have no record that it's seasonal.

Maybe Commo could answer that. All he attaches it to is working conditions, and they're the same the year round - there's a constant temperature.

Charlie, one more attempt to get this precisely understood in my mind. Because there are two pieces to this: one is what his condition now is and one is if he might receive treatment. Right now he has applied for disability retirement based on what his condition now is. And you could find him - if you could - temporarily or permanently disabled, either basis of which entitles him to an annuity. Now I haven't heard, I don't think, that based on his condition as it is -- Forgetting the matter of treatment. Have you found him, on the basis of his present condition, either temporarily or permanently disabled? I have heard you say he is not permanently disabled.

We have not found him permanently or temporarily disabled. We discussed the issue of recommending temporary disability. And the concern we have there is dealing with the question that you were just talking about, Harry - that is, he says he wants to work, yet he wants to retire. And my feeling and the Board's feeling was that if we gave him temporary disability the chances of him doing anything about his back are even more remote than now. Now that may be an erroneous assumption, but --

MR. FISHER: You see, there's a practical problem here. As you know, with our new Regulation if he makes 80% of what he formerly made he would lose his annuity. He only gets \$4700 as it is, and he obviously can't live on \$4700 and he's going to have to go out and work. I just wonder if he has put all of these pieces together. They are practical

considerations. So I can see some motivation to continue working if he possibly can, which would seem to lead him to thinking that he ought to take treatments for this condition. Maybe he needs counselling here as much as anything else, if we possibly could give it to him.

I don't know, Ben, did you satisfy yourself on the

25X1A question you asked D

25X1A

25X1A

Yes, he made it precise in my mind.

MR. FISHER: But you see, I suppose if the Medics stood by at and after a tough day in the air conditioned environment he went to them and said - "Oh boy it hurts!" - they could say: This hour on this day he is a little too disabled to work. But then an hour later he is not disabled.

25X1A

25X1A

has given, I think the Board has to decide not on the question of what treatment can do for him but, rather, on what the doctors have said is his condition today without treatment. And Dr. has said rathsx1A clearly that he is not now, based on his present condition, either temporarily or permanently disabled -- and that is the recommendation of the Medical Board.

MR. FISHER: It's not unlike the case we had of the man with the rash and every time you examined him he didn't have anything, but he said: If I come back to work I'll have the rash again.

25X1A

Yes, we talked about that case when we considered this one.

25X1A

When he is sick and at home, he is probably

temporarily disabled then.

25X1A

When he is home sick, and then the rest of the time fit for duty -- I don't know how you judge it.

25X1A

He is temporarily disabled that day

Based on the precise answer that Dr.

but not in the retirement sense. A temporary disability is one that is expected to last for a period of time, on consecutive days. 25X1A Is there an indication he had to leave the

job because of pain, or would he stick it out?

25X1A The information we had from was that he hadn't shown up for work.

MR. FISHER: He has been on leave without pay since June, as I understand it, and therefore he obviously has used up a good many hours of sick leave. Does he still have an accumulation of sick leave?

It doesn't look like it. He couldn't have much sick leave, otherwise they wouldn't have put him on LWOP.

> MR. FISHER: Does anyone have any more questions for (No response.)

25X1A

25X1A

25X1A

25X1A

25X1A

I think I recognizes, too, that this is not an easy case.

It's a tough one. I'd love to have a good easy answer for you.

MR. FISHER: If you start out assuming he is a man of good will you have to say that if he stayed home he didn't feel very well -but you don't know if he stayed home because he didn't want to expose himself to this air conditioning that would make him start hurting.

I guess the best thing is to try to hear it from him.

reported at our meeting that, "Subject is considered to be a part-time employee by his co-workers since he is on sick leave so often. The majority of his sick leave is taken when he is on the midnight shift. His co-workers become angry when they have to continually take his midnight shifts for him. When he does come to work he always brings some kind of heating device to keep himself warm. He was somewhat of an administrative problem when in because5X1A

of some complaint about housing, etc." Regarding his Fitness Reports 25X1A stated that since he has been at his present post at 25X1A he has dropped from Strong to Proficient. Based on his education he is at a grade level with his contemporaries. If he would show up for work on a continual basis he would probably do well. MR. FISHER: That was 1 input? 25X1A 25X1A Yes. MR. FISHER: Okay. I'd like to get somebody from Commo who is a little closer to him - and also the man himself - to come before this Board. Thanks very much, Charlie. 25X1A withdrew from the meeting at this point . . . 25X1A It seems to me that 25X1A needs 25X1A counselling more than anything else. MR. will probably be here So would it be enough to have Mr. at the next meeting. pl25X1A 25X1A himself here? MR. FISHER: I'm not sure we shouldn't get 25X1A 25X1A But I'd like Commo to pick the guy that can talk best to 25X1A problem. Maybe even the head of the component in which 25X1A works -- or somebody like that. Does that sound all right with the Board members? (Board members indicated in the affirmative.) 25X1A MR. FISHER: Next case is 25X1A MR. is standing by, in case you want to bring him in.

MR. FISHER: I had no problem with He i25X1A almost a classic JMWAVE case - JMWAVE operations. And he's quoting l was the very first person to get 25X1A credit for service at JMWAVE, and I'd say case seems ever25X1A 25X1C 25X1A He needs six months -- except if he 25X1A time, you have to subtract that from the six months. has that MR. FISHER: The time probably wouldn't show. 25X1A But he says he needs three more months, and I just wondered how he figured that he needed three more months. 25X1A That was that said 25X1A "...he needs credit for 3 1/2 months of domestic qualifying service to remain in CIARDS." MR. FISHER: Oh, that's right - and said, 25X1A "He has completed four years, eight months, and 17 days overseas" so that is a pretty precise calculation. 25X1A But that doesn't jibe with what is on the front page. The front page says 6 months and 6 days -- which sounds equally precise. But you don't have the usual sheet here, Murray. 25X1A MR. When we had it before the Board before, I sent him a memo saying he was six months and six days short. MR. FISHER: Just to pursue it for the sake of clarity--Because I do think that whether he needs six or three months,

he has the qualifying service. 25X1A MR. There are two PCSes and no TDY time included. Of course the TDY time would show up in his official file. 25X1C . . . Mr. joined the meeting 25X1A at this point . . . MR. FISHER: He added a TDY of about 10 days to 25X1A which you don't have there. I don't know where he got his precise dates. Maybe after the fact you ought to get with Commo and clear up whether it's three and a half months. But I still say it looks awfully good to me, whether it's three months or six months he needs. 25X1A This 1964 and 1963 looks good. MR. FISHER: It's almost the classic type we approved. 25X1A I don't have any trouble with this case. Does anybody have a problem with this? (No response.) Do I have a motion? 25X1A Move that he be credited with the domestic service to qualify for CIARDS. This motion was then passed . . . MR. FISHER: Now we can go back to the regular agenda. Does any one have any problems with the Minutes of the 31 August me eting? These Minutes were approved . . . 25X1A In these Minutes the

5X1A

case was a carry over to this meeting.

MR. FISHER: Mr. Osborn has given us the following memorandum, in which he confirms that this was the nature of duties.

	MR. FISHER: We have three employees who have	
completed mo	ore than 15 years of Agency service and appear to meet	the
criteria for d	lesignation as participants in the System: Hugh T.	
Cunningham,	25>	K1A
	Motion was then passed that above employees	
	be designated as participants in CIARDS	
	MR. FISHER: We have 32 employees who have con	m-
pleted more tl	han five years of Agency service and appear to meet the	:
criteria for de	esignation.	
	Motion was then passed that the 32 employees	
	be designated as participants in the CIARDS	
	MR. FISHER: We have two requests for involuntar	у
retirement:		
	Motion was then passed that these requests	
	be approved	
25X1A		
	MR. I have five add-on requests for	
voluntary reti	rement:	25X1A
		25X1A
	Motion was then passed approving these	
	requests	
	MR. FISHER: I'd like to report that I have now sen	t
the letter forw	vard requesting approval to move ahead on legislation fo	r
increasing the	quota. And it's interesting Obviously, we had s	ome
feel i ng of bein	ng required to explain why we missed it the last time are	ound

25X1A

by as much as we did. As you will recall, we had really projected -

I guess we were only four or five months into the second 5-year period when we said we were going to be in trouble, and our projections then but we rounded it off at And projecting that on a yeatx9 by year basis we missed - we were 143 over at the end of the first 3 years, with two years more to go, and 90 of the 143 were involuntaries people under 50 - which we obviously didn't contemplate at the time we did our projections -- and trying to explain the other 53, you can only say they came out of the woodwork. First of all, we did bring pressure to bear -- the CS and their panels obviously encouraged early retirements. But as we said in our letter, it's something that seems to be pervading the whole Federal Service. And we also mentioned that the Civil Service Commission projected 42 thousand retirements in June and had 80 thousand - or close to 80 thousand, and their projection was a much shorter And we pointed out that the CIA retirement age was range projection. 52.7 under CIARDS, and I don't think anyone would have guessed it would have been quite that low. So with all of this we say we need 243 more to take care of this plus the overage that we think will continue in the next two years -- and it winds up, rounding it off, instead of 243 we better get Now actually we are recom- 25X9 25X9 300 -- so it's now instead of the mending that we possibly try, as a first alternate, how about dropping the quota - accelerating the end of the quota, and if they will buy that, then

25X1A

that is even easier.

25X9

MR. What is the end now under the current legislation?

MR. FISHER: June 1974 - so, less than a year and a half away. And before we get there maybe they will just drop it rather than going through the-- It reminds me of the deficit - each year you go in and they raise it some more -- obviously they are not going to eliminate it. But for us they may say it doesn't seem way out of hand.

But it's a horrible thought that if something happens people aren't going to be able to retire when they want to -- although it seems inconceivable that it would ever reach that point.

. . . The meeting adjourned at 2:50 p.m. . . .